Amend Det 2 by Stretzing out all of line one down to word "Cur" in time two Hronington asopher Stuke out the word reforeword country the word well also strike out the Words for Countin' Statistans

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Amendment.

No. 521

INTRODUCED BY COMMITTEE ON CITY, COUNTY, AND TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATIONS.

DECEMBER 7TH, 1878.

READ, AND ORDERED PRINTED, AND PLACED ON GENERAL FILE.

ARTICLE _

CITIES, COUNTIES, AND TOWNS.

SECTION 1. The several counties, as they now exist, are hereby recog-

2 nized as legal subdivisions of this State:

SEC. 2. (County seats shall not be removed by special law, but such

- 2 removals shall be provided for by general law. No county seat shall be
- 3 removed unless two-thirds of the qualified electors of the county, voting on
- 4 the proposition at a general election, shall vote in favor of such removal. A
- 5 proposition of removal shall not be submitted in the same county more than
- 6 once in four years.

SEC. 3. No new county shall be established which shall reduce any

- 2 county to a population of less than eight thousand; nor shall a new county be
- 3 formed containing a less population than five thousand; nor shall any line
- 4 thereof pass within five miles of the county seat of any county proposed to
- 5 be divided; nor shall a county be divided, or have any portion taken there-
- 6 from, unless a majority of all the qualified electors of the county or counties

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awendment free 3 Strike out the much in lines 7 4 8 the words Wew courties when creaties or " and insert- The and even " nevels " or New Counties when erectue" after the Hornight Amuel ar 6 as follows top the word but in line Hornafor

[2

affected, voting at a general election, shall vote therefor. (New counties, when

8 created, or portions of a county, when added to another county, shall be liable

9. for their just proportion of all debts and liabilities, then existing, of the county

10 or counties out of which they are respectively formed or taken.

SEC. 4. The Legislature shall establish a system of county govern-

2 ments which shall be uniform throughout the State; and by general laws shall

3 provide for township organization, under which any county may organize

4 whenever a majority of the qualified electors of such county, voting at a gen-

5 eral election, shall so determine; and, whenever a county shall adopt township

6. organization, the assessment and collection of the revenue shall be made, and

7 the business of such county and the local affairs of the several townships

8 therein shall be managed and transacted in the manner prescribed by such

9 general laws.

SEC. 5. The Legislature, by general and uniform laws, shall provide
for the election or appointment, in the several counties, of Boards of Supervisors, Sheriffs, County Clerks, District Attorneys, and such other county,
township, and municipal officers as public convenience may require, and shall
prescribe their duties and fix their compensation. It shall regulate the salaries and fees of all county officers, in proportion to duties, and for this purpose may classify the counties by population; and it shall provide for the
strict accountability of county and township officers for all fees which may
be collected by them, and for all public and municipal moneys which may be

SEC. 6. Corporations, for municipal purposes, shall not be created by 2 special laws, but the Legislature, by general laws, shall provide for the incor3 poration, organization, and classification, in proportion to population, of cities

4 and towns; and cities and towns heretofore organized or incorporated may

5, become organized under and subject to such general laws. Cities and towns

6. may become incorporated under general laws, whenever a majority of the

7. electors voting at a general election shall so determine, and shall organize in

8 conformity therewith.

product fried and the score to secure their SEC. 7. City and county governments may be merged and consolitering chariful andress such the process, the south with a literal terms dated into one municipal government, with one set of officers, and may be हर्स कर्म समाप्त के का है है के करते हैं कि है की है के कि है की का कि है की है के कि है की है कि का कि कि कि क incorporated under general laws providing for the incorporation and organi-[1986] 福州县 《唐文] [1886] [1986] [1886] [1986] [1986] [1986] 4. zation of corporations for municipal purposes. The provisions of this Consti-医髓膜 特别的现在分词现在 tution applicable to cities, and also those applicable to counties, so far as not Property Marie St. St. St. Sand St. St. Ann. M. St. St. St. inconsistent or not prohibited to cities, shall be applicable to such consolidated 7 government Traces To a restrict to cities, s government. In consolidated city and county governments, of more than one en al Telephon (House La Fr. C. Sept. 1 to a market

8. hundred thousand population, there shall be two Boards of Supervisors or

9 Houses of Legislation—one of which, to consist of twelve persons, shall be

0 elected by general ticket from the city and county at large, and shall hold

1 office for the term of four years, but shall be so classified that after the first

election only six shall be elected every two years; the other, to consist of

3 twelve persons, shall be elected every two years, and shall hold office for two

14 years. Any casual vacancy in the office of Supervisor in either Board shall

15 be filled by the Mayor.

SEC. 8. No person shall be eligible to a county or city office unless he

2 has been a citizen and resident within such county or city for two years next

3 preceding his election or appointment to an office therein.

SEC. 9. Any city having a population of more than one hundred

2 thousand inhabitants may frame a charter for its own government, consistent

3 with and subject to the Constitution and laws of this State, by causing a Board

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Shille out firmlines land 2 these words "horningapopulation"

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thousand inhabitants" melallum

of fifteen freeholders, who shall have been for at least five years qualified electors thereof, to be elected by the qualified voters of such city, at any general or special election, whose duty it shall be, within ninety days after such election, to prepare and propose a charter for such city, which shall be signed in duplicate by the members of such Board, or a majority of them, and returned, one copy thereof to the Mayor, or other chief executive officer of such city, and the other to the Recorder of deeds of the county. Such proposed charter shall then be published in two daily papers of largest general circulation in such city for at least twenty days, and within not less than thirty days after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of such city at a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting thereat shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end of sixty days thereafter, become the charter of such city, or if such city be consolidated with a county in government, then of such city and county, and shall become the organic 17 law thereof, and supersede any existing charter and all amendments thereof, and all special laws inconsistent with such charter. A copy of such charter, 19 certified by the Mayor, or chief executive officer, and authenticated by the seal of such city, setting forth the submission of such charter to the electors, 21 and its ratification by them, shall be made in duplicate and deposited, one in the office of the Secretary of State, the other, after being recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds of the county, among the archives of the city, and 24 thereafter all Courts shall take judicial notice thereof. The charter so ratified **25**. may be amended at intervals of not less than two years, by proposals therefor, **26**. submitted by the legislative authority of the city to the qualified voters thereof, 27 at a general or special election held at least sixty days after the publication of such proposals, and ratified by at least three-fifths of the qualified electors voting thereat. In submitting any such charter, or amendment thereto, any

31 alternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters.

32 and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others.

SEC. 10. The compensation or fees of any county, city, town, or muni-

2: cipal officer shalk not be increased after his election or during his term of

- 3 coffice; nor shall the term of any such officer be extended beyond the period
- 4- for which he is elected or appointed:

SEC. 11. No county, city, town, or other public or municipal corpora-

- tion, nor the inhabitants thereof, nor the property therein, shall be released
- or discharged from their or its proportionate share of taxes to be levied for
- State purposes, nor shall commutation for such taxes be authorized in any
- 5 form whatsoever. It is to be to the second of the second

THE GARD OF THE BETT OF THE MARK AND A PARK SEC. 12. Any county, city, town, or township may make and enforce

2. within their respective limits all such local, police, sanitary, and other regu-

3. lations as: are not in conflict with general laws.

在自己的 自己的 在我是一个 100 m 500 2 m 1950 全 SEC. 13. Taxes for county, city, town, school, and other local purposes must be levied on all subjects and objects of taxation. In addition to that The region of the first fine.

- which may be levied for the payment of the principal and interest of existing
- ្រាស់ព្រះ ស្នះមុខ នេះ បានប្រាស់ ខ្លួនប្រសេ 4 indebtedness, the annual rate on property shall not exceed the following: For
- 5 county purposes, in counties having two million dollars or less, shall not
- 6 sexceed ... cents on the one: hundred dollars, valuation; in counties; having
- 7 six million dollars, and under ten million dollars, such rate shall not exceed
- cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation; and in counties having ten
- Business pulsarani, is my fair business from hour and have their
- million dollars or more such rate shall not exceed —— cents on the one hun-
- 10 dred dollars' valuation. For city and town purposes such annual rate on 11 property in incorporated cities and towns shall not exceed — cents or

one hundred dollars' valuation; and in any city and county with consoli-

GOTIGAD TO RUADE STEET LIBER amend See 13 by striking out all after the wird "torration" m' line Ino Treeman Superceded by motion to flrike out all of deeg

TE OF CALIFOR TE LIBR Ic. 13 Line 5- after work "Ifo" ment as follows
"Shen rate" In how 10 this out in This him all after wand dollars and insut the Tollowing purposes then Date on"

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13 dated government, such rate shall not exceed —— cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation.

SEC. 14. The Legislature shall have no power to impose taxes upon counties, cities, towns, or other public or municipal corporations, or upon the

- 3 inhabitants or property thereof, for county, city, town, or other municipal
- 4 purposes, but may, by general laws, vest in the corporate authorities thereof
- 5 the power to assess and collect taxes for such purposes.

SEC.: 15. The Legislature shall not delegate to any special commission,

- 2 private corporation, company, association, or individual, any power to make,
- control, appropriate, supervise, or in any way interfere with, any county, city,
- 4 town, or municipal improvement, money, property, or effects, whether held in
- 5 trust or otherwise, or to levy taxes or assessments, or perform any municipal
- 6 functions whatever.

SEC. 16. No State office shall be continued or created in any county,

- 2 city, town, or other municipality, for the inspection, measurement, or gradua-
- 3 tion of any merchandise, manufacture, or commodity; but such county, city,
- 4 town, or municipality may, when authorized by general law, and the public
- 5 interest demands it, appoint such officers.

SEC. 17. Private property shall not be taken or sold for the payment

2 of the corporate debt of any political or municipal corporation.

SEC. 18. All moneys, assessments, and taxes belonging to or collected

- 2 for the use of any county, city, town, or other public or municipal corpora-
- 3 tion, coming into the hands of any officer thereof, shall, immediately on the
- 4 receipt thereof, be deposited with the Treasurer, or other legal depositary, to

and the

5; the credit of such city, town, or other corporation respectively, for the benefit 6. of the funds to which they respectively belong. **通過過過**過過過過過過過 SEC. 19. The making of profit out of county, city, town, or public 2 select money, or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law, by any officer having the possession or control thereof, shall be a felony, and 4. shall be prosecuted and punished as prescribed by law. SEC. 20. No county, city, town, township, Board of Education, or school district, shall incur any indebtedness or liability in any manner, or for The state of the s any purpose, exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for them respectively for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the voters thereof voting at an election to be held for that purpose; and in cases requiring such assent no indebtedness shall be incurred (except by a county to erect a Court-house or Jail) to an amount, excluding existing indebtedness, in the Light of the wall for the land of the land aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property the section of the se therein, to be ascertained by the assessment next before the last assessment THE PARTY OF THE P for State and county purposes previous to the incurring such indebtedness, The state of the s 11 and unless, before or at the time of incurring such indebtedness, provision The state of the s 12 shall be made for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest Delle service 13 on such indebtedness as it falls due, and also to constitute a sinking fund for Can beatting and professional test or and the 14 the payment of the principal thereof within forty years from the time of con-नार हिंदि अभ्रेलांस्त्रों सुर्वेक्ष्यक्रिक् तेव्येत 15 tracting the same. हे अधीर में हैं है है है है है SEC. 21. No county, city, town, or other public or municipal corpora-2 tion, by a vote of its citizens or otherwise, shall become a subscriber to the capital stock, or a stockholder in any corporation, association, or company, or 4 make any appropriation, or donation, or loan its credit to, or in aid of, any person, corporation, association, company, or institution.

Amena De e 20 in line 14 by Striking out the word forty and susero the word (twenty)

Section 19 Ini I ment the word other before the word"public" adoplet an Augu amond - and to The had of this water the Collowing -Contrary to this provision shall be Line 4 wash was qualified before was voters

Amend der 70. after the word "Jail" in line. or offing of a aig wester or for This he construction acquistio Extre by means of andunation! adopled

Toe and light line Inserting Caples adopted

8

SEC. 22. No law shall be passed by the Tegislature granting the right

2 to construct and operate a railroad within any city, town, village, or on any

public street or highway thereof, without the consent of the municipal or other

proper local authorities having the control of such street or highway proposed

5 to be occupied by such railroad.

SEC. 23. In any city where there are no public works owned and controlled by the municipality for supplying the same with artificial light and water, any company duly incorporated by the laws of this State shall, under the direction of the Superintendent of Streets of said city, have the privilege of disturbing and using the public streets and thoroughfares thereof, and of 6 laying down pipes and conduits therein, and of making connections therewith, so far as may be necessary for introducing into and supplying such city and its inhabitants either with gaslight or other illuminating light, or with fresh water for domestic and all other purposes, for which the same or either may be used, upon the conditions following: Such company shall make good all damages to such streets and thoroughfares, except necessarily occasioned by the reasonable use thereof, and be liable to such city and its inhabitants therefor. Such company introducing and supplying gaslight or other light, 14 and fresh water, or either, shall furnish the same, so far as necessary and 15 required, free and without charge, to all public buildings, institutions, and school houses belonging to such city, and used for municipal purposes; and such company introducing and supplying water shall also furnish the same, 18 free and without charge, to the Fire Department, and for the extinguishment 19 of fires. Each company, its property and franchise, shall be liable to such

SEC. 24. In counties or cities having more than one hundred thousand

20 city and its inhabitants for the performance of these conditions:

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Just after the word and online " subject to such ordinances as The municipal Lyislative authority may make as to the mode of enercising such privilege and "Carufshell" prepared by strike out

2 inhabitants no person shall, at the same time, be a State officer and a city or

3 county officer, nor hold two city or county offices.

SEC. 25. No public work or improvement of any description what-

- 2 soever shall be made or done, in any city, in, upon, or about the streets
- 3 thereof, or otherwise, the cost and expense of which is made chargeable or
- 4 may be assessed upon private property by special assessment, unless an esti-
- 5 mate of such cost and expense shall be made, and an assessment in propor-
- 6 tion to benefits, on the property to be affected or benefited, and shall be
- 7 collected and paid into the city treasury before such work or improvement
- 8 shall be commenced, or any contract for letting or doing the same authorized
- 9 or performed.

SEC. 26. The Legislature shall not pass any local or special law in

- 2 the cases following:
- Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, towns, townships, wards, city or
- 4 county Boards of Education, school districts, or other political or municipal
- 5 corporation or subdivision of the State;
- 6 Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, maintaining, or vacating
- 7 roads, highways, streets, alleys, town plats, or parks;
- 8. Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State;
- 9 Locating or changing county seats;
- 10 Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters;
- 11. Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in
- 12 counties, cities, towns, townships, or school districts;
- Regulating the fees or extending the powers and duties of county or
- 14 municipal officers;

Regulating the management and maintenance of public schools, the

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amend Sec. 25. as pollows. company in the amendment of Mr Herwand, and also insent the word "under" in place of the word by, in the next line.

Amend by adding to section 25 at the end thereof. In any city where there are no foulte works owned and conholled by the municipality for supplying the same with water or artificial light, any interest individual, or company duly incorporated works the law of this state, shall under the direct from of the Superintendent of - stock, and under ouch beg-ulations of the municipality may preseribe for damages have the formily for langues, and thorough fares thereof, and A laying down process and con-duito therein, and connections therewith, so pas as may

The condition, that she government shall h harges to regulate the

Amend See 25 by transporing the words "made" and " done" By Barbour

at the end of the line to after word "be" must won and shih at word and before Shall adoplet Oliver See 25 by striking By Echell Luperseded by Caples mohn

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compro et Brown MD (mt).

16 building or repairing of school of Court-houses, and raising of money for such

17 purposés;

Extending the time for the assessment or collection of county, city, or

19 other municipal taxes, or otherwise relieving any Assessor or Collector of

20 county or city taxes from the due performance of the official duties, or their

21 securities from liability;

Legalizing the unauthorized or invalid acts of any officer or agent of

23 any county or municipality thereof;

Directing the payment of money out of the treasury, or by any officer, of

25 any county, city, or town, without the consent of such county, city, and town.

Directing the payment of money from out of the treasury, or by any

27 officer of, or creating any liability against, a county, city, town, or any public

28 or municipal corporation, without its consent.

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Tes 7, 1878

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Amendment.

No. 521

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- 3 removed unless two-thirds of the qualified electors of the county, voting on
- 4 the proposition at a general election, shall vote in favor of such removal. A
- 5 proposition of removal shall not be submitted in the same county more than
- 6 once in four years.

Section two, as amended by Mr. Herrington, and adopted:

[Sec. 2. No county seat shall be removed unless two-thirds of the

- 2 qualified electors of the county, voting on the proposition at a general election,
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- 4 submitted in the same county more than once in four years.]

SEC. 3. No new county shall be established which shall reduce any

2 county to a population of less than eight thousand; nor shall a new county

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amend section 3 as reported from Committee of the whole by strikeing out all after the word "therefor" PAGE. an line of and insuling the following, Every County which shall be enlarged or exated from territory taken from proportion of the debts and liabilities of the Country or Country which such territory shall be taken adokles Rhodis -10 11 1.1.18

The 3 To and including the word Mor Shall a County

3 be formed containing a less population than five thousand; nor shall any line

thereof pass within five miles of the county seat of any county proposed to

be divided; nor shall a county be divided, or have any portion taken there-

from, unless a majority of all the qualified electors of the county or counties

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Section three, as amended by Messrs. Stedman and Herrington, and adopted:

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Section six, as amended by Mr. Herrington, and adopted:

[Sec. 6. The Legislature, by general laws, shall provide for the incorporation, organization, and classification, in proportion to population, of cities and towns; and cities and towns heretofore organized or incorporated may become organized under and subject to such general laws. Cities and towns may become incorporated under general laws, whenever a majority of the

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SEC. 7. City and county governments may be merged and consoli--2 dated into one municipal government; with one set of officers, and may be 3 incorporated under general laws providing for the incorporation and organi-4 zation of corporations for municipal purposes. The provisions of this Consti--5 tution applicable to cities, and also those applicable to counties, so far as not 6 inconsistent or not prohibited to cities, shall be applicable to such consolidated In consolidated city and county governments, of more than one government. hundred thousand population, there shall be two Boards of Supervisors or Houses of Legislation—one of which, to consist of twelve persons, shall be 10 elected by general ticket from the city and county at large, and shall hold 11_ office for the term of four years, but shall be so classified that after the first 12 election only six shall be elected every two years; the other, to consist of 13 twelve persons, shall be elected every two years, and shall hold office for two Any casual vacancy in the office of Supervisor, in either Board, shall be filled by the Mayor. expression of the following the contract of the following

SEC. 8. No person shall be eligible to a county or city office unless he 2 has been a citizen and resident within such county or city for two years next 3 preceding his election or appointment to an office therein.

Section eight was stricken out, on motion of Mr. Larkin.

2 thousand inhabitants may frame a charter for its own government, consistent with and subject to the Constitution and laws of this State, by causing a Board of fifteen freeholders, who shall have been for at least five years qualified belectors thereof, to be elected by the qualified voters of such city, at any gen-

eral or special election, whose duty it shall be; within minety days after such "7- election; to prepare and propose a charter for such city, which shall be signed 58 sin duplicate by the members of such Board, or a majority of them, and returned, 1.91 lone copy thereof to the Mayor, or other chief executive officer of such city, 10 and the other to the Recorder of deeds of the county. Such proposed charter 41 shall then be published in two daily papers of largest general circulation in such city for at least twenty days, and within not less than thirty days after 13 such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of such city at 14 a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting 15 thereat shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end of sixty days thereafter, 16 become the charter of such city, or if such city be consolidated with a county in government, then of such city and county, and shall become the organic law thereof, and supersede any existing charter and all amendments thereof, 19 and all special laws inconsistent with such charter. A copy of such charter. 20 scertified by the Mayor, or chief executive officer, and authenticated by the 21 seal of such city, setting forth the submission of such charter to the electors, 22 and its ratification by them, shall be made in duplicate and deposited, one in 23 the office of the Secretary of State, the other, after being recorded in the office 24 of the Recorder of deeds of the county, among the archives of the city, and 25: thereafter all Courts shall take judicial notice thereof. The charter so ratified 26 may be amended at intervals of not less than two years, by proposals therefor, 27 submitted by the legislative authority of the city to the qualified voters thereof, 28 vat a general or special election held at least sixty days after the publication of 293 such proposals, and ratified by at least three fifths of the qualified electors 30 voting thereat. In submitting any such charter, or amendment thereto, any 31 valternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters, 32 and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others.

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SEC. 9. Any city may frame a charter for its own government, consistent

Section nine, as amended by Mr. McCallum, and adopted:

5 eral or special election, whose duty it shall be; within ninety days after such election, to prepare and propose a charter for such city, which shall be signed in duplicate by the members of such Board, or a majority of them, and returned, one copy thereof to the Mayor, or other chief executive officer of such city, 8 and the other to the Recorder of deeds of the county. Such proposed charter shall then be published in two daily papers of largest general circulation in 10 11 such city for at least twenty days, and within not less than thirty days after 12 such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of such city at 13 a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting thereat shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end-of-sixty days thereafter, from Hagane Will become the charter of such city, or if such city be consolidated with a county 16 in government, then of such city and county, and shall become the organic 17 haw thereof, and supersede any existing charter and all amendments thereof, 18, and all special laws inconsistent with such charter. A copy of such charter, 19 certified by the Mayor, or chief executive officer, and authenticated by the 20 seal of such city, setting forth the submission of such charter to the electors 21- and its ratification by them, shall be made in duplicate and deposited, one in 22 the office of the Secretary of State, the other, after being recorded in the office 23 of the Recorder of deeds of the county, among the archives of the city, and 24. thereafter all Courts shall take judicial notice thereof. The charter so ratified 25 may be amended at intervals of not less than two years, by proposals therefor, submitted by legislative authority of the city to the qualified voters thereof,

at a general or special election held at least sixty days after the publication of

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amend the amendmen Sec. 9. line 14-To Lystatine me 29, after "and approved by the Superlations as during provided for the charter of the Charter of 28 such proposals, and ratified by at least three-fifths of the qualified electors

29 voting thereat. In submitting any such charter, or amendment thereto, any

- 30 alternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters,
- 31 and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others.

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- SEC. 10. The compensation or fees of any county, city, town, or muni-
- 2 cipal officer shall not be increased after his election or during his term of
- 3 office; nor shall the term of any such officer be extended beyond the period
- 4 for which he is elected or appointed.

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SEC. 11. No county, city, town, or other public or municipal corpora-

- 2 tion, nor the inhabitants thereof, nor the property therein, shall be released
- 3- or discharged from their or its proportionate share of taxes to be levied for
- 4 State purposes, nor shall commutation for such taxes be authorized in any
- 5 form whatsoever.

SEC. 12. Any county, city, town, or township may make and enforce

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- 2 within their respective limits all such local, police, sanitary, and other regu-
- B lations as are not in conflict with general laws:

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Section twelve, as amended by Mr. Herrington, and adopted.

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[Sec. 12. Any county, city, town, or township may make and enforce

- 2 within its limits all such local, police, sanitary, and other regulations as are
- 3 not in conflict with general laws.

SEC. 13. Taxes for county, city, town, school, and other local purposes

- 2 must be levied on all subjects and objects of taxation. In addition to that
- 3 which may be levied for the payment of the principal and interest of existing
- 4 indebtedness, the annual rate on property shall not exceed the following: For
- 5 county purposes, in counties having two million dollars, or less, shall not

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60 exceed cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation; in counties having 70 six million dollars; and under ten million dollars, such rate shall not exceed 8. Cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation; and in counties having ten 9 million dollars; or more, such rate shall not exceed cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation. For city and town purposes such annual rate on 11 property in incorporated cities and towns shall not exceed — cents on the 12 one hundred dollars' valuation; and in any city and county with consolidated for the county of the county with consolidated government, such rate shall not exceed — cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation.

Section thirteen was stricken out, on motion of Mr. Jones.

SEC. 14. The Legislature shall have no power to impose taxes upon 2 counties, cities, towns, or other public or municipal corporations, or upon the 3 inhabitants or property thereof, for county, city, town, or other municipal 4 purposes, but may, by general laws, vest in the corporate authorities thereof 5 the power to assess and collect taxes for such purposes.

SEC. 15. The Legislature shall not delegate to any special commission, private corporation, company, association, or individual, any power to make, control, appropriate, supervise, or in any way interfere with, any county, city, town, or municipal improvement, money, property, or effects, whether held in trust or otherwise, or to levy taxes or assessments, or perform any municipal functions whatever.

SEC. 16: No State office shall be continued or created in any county, 2 city, town, or other municipality, for the inspection, measurement, or graduation of any merchandise, manufacture, or commodity; but such county, city, 4 town, or municipality may, when authorized by general law, and the public interest demands it, appoint such officers.

Sec. 17. Private property shall not be taken or sold for the payment.

2 of the corporate debt of any political or municipal corporation.

SEC. 18. All moneys, assessments, and taxes belonging to or collected 2. for the use of any county, city, town, or other public or municipal corpora3 tion, coming into the hands of any officer thereof, shall, immediately on the

4 receipt thereof, be deposited with the Treasurer, or other legal depositary, to

the credit of such city, town, or other corporation respectively, for the benefit

6 of the funds to which they respectively belong.

SEC. 19. The making of profit out of county, city, town, or public 2 school money, or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law, by 3 any officer having the possession or control thereof, shall be a felony, and shall 4 be prosecuted and punished as prescribed by law.

Section nineteen, as amended by Messrs. Caples and McCallum:

[Sec. 19. The making of profit out of county, city, town, or other 2 public money, or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law, by 3 any officer having the possession or control thereof, shall be a felony, and 4 shall be prosecuted and punished as prescribed by law.]

SEC. 20. No county, eity, town, township, Board of Education, or 2 school district, shall incur any indebtedness or liability in any manner, or for

3 any purpose exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for them

4 respectively for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the voters

5 thereof voting at an election to be held for that purpose; and in cases requir-

6 ing such assent no indebtedness shall be incurred (except by a county to erect

7 a Court-house or Jail) to an amount, excluding existing indebtedness, in the

3 aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property

therein, to be ascertained by the assessment next before the last assessment

Course

10 for State and county purposes previous to the incurring such indebtedness,

11 and unless, before or at the time of incurring such indebtedness, provision

12 shall be made for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest

13 on such indebtedness as it falls due, and also to constitute a sinking fund for

14 the payment of the principal thereof within forty years from the time of con-

15 tracting the same.

Wyatt:

[Sec. 20. No county, city, town, township, Board of Education, or 2 school district, shall incur any indebtedness or liability in any manner, or for ार को देखा है। को स्थान के के किया पहला कि है। एनके सीधा परकार करते स्वाहे किए करा पर any purpose, exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for them 4 respectively for such year, without the assent of two thirds of the qualified The State of the S 5 voters thereof voting at an election to be held for that purpose and in cases requiring such assent no indebtedness shall be incurred (except by a county ·7 to erect a Court-house or Jail, or of a city or city and county for the construction of water-works or for their acquisition by means of condemnation), to an 9 amount, excluding existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding two per 10 centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the 11 assessment next before the last assessment for State and county purposes prewitnessed to many witness before the vious to the incurring such indebtedness, and unless, before or at the time of 13 incurring such indebtedness, provision shall be made for the collection of an South the Book of milestic his of the state when manifes to be a like my 19th 14 annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such indebtedness as it falls due, The man is traded to the first that the committee of the first that the committee of the first that the committee of the first terms of the first 15 and also to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof 16 within twenty years from the time of contracting the same. Any indebtedg og skjungsljugigliggerener bot Alife Galos i 1996 och 17 ness or liability incurred contrary to this provision shall be void.] Control of the Contro

SEC. 21. No county, city, town, or other public or municipal corpora-2 tion, by a vote of its citizens or otherwise, shall become a subscriber to the

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3: capital stock, or a stockholder in any corporation, association, or company, or a make any appropriation, or donation, or loan its credit to, or in aid of, any person, corporation, association, company, or institution.

Section twenty-one was stricken out, on motion of Mr. Larkin.

SEC. 22. No law shall be passed by the Legislature granting the right

2 to construct and operate a railroad within any city, town, village, or on any 3 public street or highway thereof, without the consent of the municipal or

4 other proper local authorities having the control of such street or highway

5 proposed to be occupied by such railroad.

Section twenty-two was stricken out, on motion of Mr. Caples.

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SEC. 23. In any city where there are no public works owned and controlled by the municipality for supplying the same with artificial light and 3 water, any company duly incorporated by the laws of this State shall, under 4 the direction of the Superintendent of Streets of said city, have the privilege 5 of disturbing and using the public streets and thoroughfares thereof, and of 6 laying down pipes and conduits therein, and of making connections there-7 with, so far as may be necessary for introducing into and supplying such city 8 and its inhabitants either with gas-light or other illuminating light, or with 9 fresh water for domestic and all other purposes, for which the same or either 10 may be used, upon the conditions following: Such company shall make good in connectivities in again thing great the tight A STATE WAS DEED TO BE SEEN THE 11 all damages to such streets and thoroughfares, except necessarily occasioned મૂર્ત્યું કે કે કે કે કે જોને કે લક્ષ્ય છે. તે તે કે જો મુખ્યાન કે માટે કે મુખ્ય કે માટે કે કે કે માટે કે મુખ્ય મુખ્યું કે કે કે કે જોને કે લક્ષ્ય છે. તે તે માને મામ મુખ્યું જે કે માટે કે મુખ્ય મામ મામ મામ મામ મામ મુખ્ય મુ 12 by the reasonable use thereof, and be liable to such city and its inhabitants

12 by the reasonable use thereof, and be liable to such city and its inhabitants
13 therefor. Such company introducing and supplying gas-light or other light,
14 and fresh water, or either, shall furnish the same, so far as necessary and
15 required, free and without charge, to all public buildings, institutions, and
16 school houses belonging to such city, and used for municipal purposes; and

17 such company introducing and supplying water shall also furnish the same,

18 free and without charge, to the Fire Department, and for the extinguishment

19 of fires. Each company, its property and franchise, shall be liable to such

20 city and its inhabitants for the performance of these conditions.

Section twenty-three was stricken out, on motion of Mr. Winans.

SEC. 24. In counties or cities having more than one hundred thousand

- 2 inhabitants no person shall, at the same time, be a State officer and a city or
- 3 county officer, nor hold two city or county offices.

Section twenty-four was stricken out, on motion of Mr.-Larkin.

SEC. 25. No public work or improvement of any description what-

- 2 soever shall be made or done, in any city, in, upon, or about the streets
- 3 thereof, or otherwise, the cost and expense of which is made chargeable or
- 4 may be assessed upon private property by special assessment, unless an esti-
- 5 mate of such cost and expense shall be made, and an assessment in proportion
- 6 to benefits, on the property to be affected or benefited, and shall be collected
- 7 and paid into the city treasury before such work or improvement shall be
- 8 commenced, or any contract for letting or doing the same authorized or per-
- 9 formed.

Section twenty-five, as amended by Messrs. Hager, Howard, Blackmer, and Barbour:

[Sec. 25. No public work or improvement of any description what-

- 2 . soever shall be done or made, in any city, in, upon, or about the streets thereof,
- 3 or otherwise, the cost and expense of which is made chargeable or may be
- 4 assessed upon private property by special assessment, unless an estimate of
- 5 such cost and expense shall be made, and an assessment in proportion to ben-
- 6 efits, on the property to be affected or benefited, shall be levied, collected, and
- 7 paid into the city treasury before such work or improvement shall be com-

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8 menced, or any contract for letting or doing the same authorized or performed.

9. In any city where there are no public works owned and controlled by the

10 municipality, for supplying the same with water or artificial light, any indi-

1 vidual, or any company duly incorporated under the laws of this State, shall,

12 under the direction of the Superintendent of Streets, and under such regula-

13 tions as the municipality may prescribe, for damages and indemnity for dam-

14 ages, have the privilege of using the public streets and thoroughfares thereof,

15 and of laying down pipes and conduits therein, and connections therewith, so

16 far as may be necessary for introducing into and supplying such city and its

17 inhabitants either with gas-light or other illuminating light, or with fresh

8 water for domestic and all other purposes, upon the condition that the munic-

19 ipal government shall have the right to regulate the charges thereof.

SEC. 26. The Legislature shall not pass any local or special law in the cases following:

- Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, towns, townships, wards, city or
- 4 county Boards of Éducation, school districts, or other political or municipal
- 5 corporation or subdivision of the State;
- 6 Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, maintaining, or vacating
- 7 roads, highways, streets, alleys, town plats, or parks;
- Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State;
- 9 Locating or changing county seats:
- 10 Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters;
- Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in
- 12 counties, cities, towns, townships, or school districts;
- 13 Regulating the fees or extending the powers and duties of county or
- 14 municipal officers;
- Regulating the management and maintenance of public schools, the

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amend fre. 25 as amended Hager. in com after whole as follows. In him II stike out ward and ment as follows. "for such purpose under and by anthority of " him 12 Before mort Eight ations - insel grand

City & Co. Organizations (Sec's Deck

16 building or repairing of school or Court-houses, and raising of money for such
17: purposes; me. The Connected and office and the control of the
18 Extending the time for the assessment or collection of county, city, or
19 other municipal taxes, or otherwise relieving any Assessor or Collector of
20 county or city taxes from the due performance of the official duties, or their
21 securities from liability;
22 Legalizing the unauthorized or invalid acts of any officer or agent of
23 any county or municipality thereof;
Directing the payment of money out of the treasury, or by any officer, of
25 any county, city, or town, without the consent of such county, city; and town;
26 Directing the payment of money from out of the treasury, or by any
27 officer of, or creating any liability against, a county, city, town, or any public
28 or municipal corporation, without its consent.
Section twenty-six was stricken out, on motion of Mr. Caples.

E. G. County and Lagerugation.

CITY, COUNTY, AND TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATIONS.

As Amended in Convention, and Ordered Engrossed for a Second Reading, February 18th, 1879.

ARTICLE —.

CITIES, COUNTIES, AND TOWNS.

SECTION 1. The several counties as they now exist, are hereby recognized as legal subdivisions of this State.

- SEC. 2. No county seat shall be removed unless two-thirds of the qualified electors of the county, voting on the proposition at a general election, shall vote in favor of such removal. A proposition of removal shall not be submitted in the same county more than once in four years.
- SEC. 3. No new county shall be established which shall reduce any county to a population of less than eight thousand; nor shall a new county be formed containing a less population than five thousand; nor shall any line thereof pass within five miles of the county seat of any county proposed to be divided. Every county which shall be enlarged or created from territory taken from any other county or counties, shall be liable for a just proportion of the existing debts and liabilities of the county or counties from which such territory shall be taken.
- SEC. 4. The Legislature shall establish a system of county governments which shall be uniform throughout the State; and by general laws shall provide for township organization, under which any county may organize whenever a

majority of the qualified electors of such county, voting at a general election, shall so determine; and, whenever a county shall adopt township organization, the assessment and collection of the revenue shall be made, and the business of such county and the local affairs of the several townships therein shall be managed and transacted in the manner prescribed by such general laws.

SEC. 5. The Legislature, by general and uniform laws, shall provide for the election or appointment, in the several counties, of Boards of Supervisors, Sheriffs, County Clerks, District Attorneys, and such other county, township, and municipal officers as public convenience may require, and shall prescribe their duties and fix their compensation. It shall regulate the salaries and fees of all county efficers, in proportion to duties, and for this purpose may classify the counties by population; and it shall provide for the strict accountability of county and township officers for all fees which may be collected by them, and for all public and municipal moneys which may be paid to them or officially come into their possession.

SEC. 6. The Legislature, by general laws, shall provide for the incorporation, organization, and classification, in proportion to population, of cities and towns; and cities and towns heretofore organized or incorporated may become organized under and subject to such general laws. Cities and towns may become incorporated under general laws, whenever a majority of the electors voting at a general election shall so determine, and shall organize in conformity therewith.

SEC. 7. City and county governments may be merged and consolidated into one municipal government, with one set of officers, and may be incorporated under general laws providing for the incorporation and organization of corporations for municipal purposes. The provisions of this Constitution applicable to cities, and also those applicable to counties, so far as not inconsistent or not prohibited to cities, shall be applicable to such consolidated government. In con-

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SEC. 6. Corporations, for municipal purposes, shall not be created by 2 special laws, but the Legislature, by general laws, shall provide for the incor-3 poration, organization, and classification, in proportion to population, of cities and towns; which of Cities and towns heretofore organized or incorporated may 5 become organized under and subject to such general laws cities may become incorporated under general lays; whenever a majority of the electors voting at a general election shall so determine, and shall organize in 8 conformity therewith Esters or towns hurtofor or here 2 gunnal laws

solidated city and county governments, of more than one hundred thousand population, there shall be two Boards of Supervisors or Houses of Legislation—one of which, to consist of twelve persons, shall be elected by general ticket from the city and county at large, and shall hold office for the term of four years, but shall be so classified that after the first election only six shall be elected every two years; the other, to consist of twelve persons, shall be elected every two years, and shall hold office for two years. Any (casual) vacancy in the office of Supervisor, in either Board, shall be filled by the Mayor.

SEC. 8. Any city may frame a charter for its own government, consistent with and subject to the Constitution and laws of this State, by causing a Board of fifteen freeholders, who shall have been for at least five years qualified electors thereof, to be elected by the qualified voters of such city, at any general or special election, whose duty it shall be, within ninety days after such election, to prepare and propose a charter for such city, which shall be signed in duplicate by the members of such Board, or a majority of them, and returned, one copy thereof to the Mayor, or other chief executive officer of such city, and the other to the Recorder of deeds of the county. Such proposed charter shall then be published in two daily papers of largest general circulation in such city for at least twenty days, and within not less than thirty days after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of such city at a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting thereat shall ratify the same, it shall thereafter be submitted to the Legislature for its approval or rejection as a whole, without power of alteration or amendment, and if approved by a majority vote of the members elected to each House, it shall become the charter of such city, or if such city be consolidated with a county in government, then of such city and county, and shall become the organic law thereof, and supersede any existing charter and all amendments thereof, and all special laws inconsistent with such charter. A copy of such charter, certified by the

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Insert after the word "celi"
and before the word "may,"
in first line section 8, the
Jollowing words; viz;
"bontaining a population of
more than one hundred
thousand inhabitants."

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Mayor, or chief executive officer, and authenticated by the seal of such city, setting forth the submission of such charter to the electors and its ratification by them, shall be made in duplicate and deposited, one in the office of the Secretary of State, the other, after being recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds of the county, among the archives of the city, and thereafter all Courts shall take judicial notice thereof. The charter so ratified may be amended at intervals of not less than two years, by proposals therefor, submitted by legislative authority of the city to the qualified voters thereof, at a general or special election held at least sixty days after the publication of such proposals, and ratified by at least three-fifths of the qualified electors voting thereat, and approved by the Legislature as herein provided for the approval of the charter. In submitting any such charter, or amendment thereto, any alternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others.

- SEC. 9. The compensation or fees of any county, city, town, or municipal officer shall not be increased after his election or during his term of office; nor shall the term of any such officer be extended beyond the period for which he is elected or appointed.
- SEC. 10. No county, city, town, or other public or municipal corporation, nor the inhabitants thereof, nor the property therein, shall be released or discharged from their or its proportionate share of taxes to be levied for State purposes, nor shall commutation for such taxes be authorized in any form whatsoever.
- SEC. 11. Any county, city, town, or township may make and enforce within its limits all such local, police, sanitary, and other regulations as are not in conflict with general laws.
- SEC. 12. The Legislature shall have no power to impose taxes upon counties, cities, towns, or other public or municipal corporations, or upon the

poses, but may, by general laws, vest in the corporate authorities thereof the power to assess and collect taxes for such purposes.

SEC. 13. The Legislature shall not delegate to any special commission, private corporation, company, association, or individual, any power to make, control, appropriate, supervise, or in any way interfere with, any county, city, town, or municipal improvement, money, property, or effects, whether held in trust or otherwise, or to levy taxes or assessments, or perform any municipal functions whatever.

SEC. 14. No State office shall be continued or created in any county, city, town, or other municipality, for the inspection, measurement, or graduation of any merchandise, manufacture, or commodity; but such county, city, town, or municipality may, when authorized by general law, and the public interest demands it, appoint such officers.

SEC. 15. Private property shall not be taken or sold for the payment of the corporate debt of any political or municipal corporation.

SEC. 16. All moneys, assessments, and taxes belonging to or collected for the use of any county, city, town, or other public or municipal corporation, coming into the hands of any officer thereof, shall, immediately on the receipt thereof, be deposited with the Treasurer, or other legal depositary, to the credit of such city, town, or other corporation respectively, for the benefit of the funds to which they respectively belong.

SEC. 17. The making of profit out of county, city, town, or other public money, or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law; by any officer having the possession or control thereof, shall be a felony, and shall be prosecuted and punished as prescribed by law.

SEC. 18. No county, city, town, township, Board of Education, or school district, shall incur any indebtedness or liability in any manner, or for any pur-

pose, exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for them respectively for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the qualified voters thereof voting at an election to be held for that purpose, nor unless, before or at the time of incurring such indebtedness, provision shall be made for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such indebtedness as it falls due, and also to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same. Any indebtedness or liability incurred contrary to this provision shall be void.

Sec. 19. No public work or improvement of any description whatsoever shall be done or made, in any city, in, upon, or about the streets thereof, or otherwise, the cost and expense of which is made chargeable or may be assessed upon private property by special assessment, unless an estimate of such cost and expense shall be made, and an assessment in proportion to benefits, on the property to be affected or benefited, shall be levied, collected, and paid into the city treasury before such work or improvement shall be commenced, or any contract for letting or doing the same authorized or performed. In any city where there are no public works owned and controlled by the municipality, for supplying the same with water or artificial light, any individual, or any company duly incorporated for such purpose under and by authority of the laws of this State, shall, under the direction of the Superintendent of Streets, or other officer in control thereof, and under such general regulations as the municipality may prescribe for damages and indemnity for damages, have the privilege of using the public streets and thoroughfares thereof, and of laying down pipes and conduits therein, and connections therewith, so far as may be necessary for introducing into and supplying such city and its inhabitants either with gas-light or other illuminating light, or with fresh water for domestic and all other purposes, upon the condition that the municipal government shall have the right to regulate the charges thereof.

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Cours City County JELY 24/79 Reported, Councity Eugrossed, OF Smith Tebruary 27, 1879. read a Second hime adopted, and referred to Committee on Kension and Adjustments - I.M. Winght

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